CONTINUOUS THERMOCOUPLE TRANSDUCER CABLE

FTLD[®] - The Heat-Seeking Thermocouple

Introduction

The FLTD Continuous Thermocouple[®] is a temperature measuring sensor, which takes the form of a thin flexible cable. Like its predecessor CT^2C° , it is a heat-seeking thermocouple, using similar thermo-electric techniques, but designed especially to reveal changes in the narrow band of temperatures only a few degrees above normal ambient.

FTLD is able to measure the maximum temperature detected between its two ends, then track any increase, even if the position of the "hot-spot" changes. Such ability offers an immense opportunity to prevent loss due to overheat, in commercial as well as industrial applications.

This advanced form of dector permits the design of overheat warning systems, which are highly sensitive to early departures from normal, yet exhibit an extraordinary freedom from false alarms.

Operating Principle

A Circuit formed from two dissimilar wires joined at both ends, develops an emf (voltage) proportional to the difference in the two junction temperatures. This is the long established Thermo-electric effect, and today the junctions are known as the "Measuring Junction". See diagrams below.

Although an FTLD sensor performs like a normal thermocouple, the measuring junction is not formed by directly joining the two wires. More remarkably, the Measuring Junction is not fixed, but becomes concentrated at the hottest point within the insulation resistance when subjected to an increase in temperature.

The nature of the insulation causing this phenomenon is such that the voltage developed between the two wires always relates to the highest temperature along the cable sheath. Features

Stable Moisture resistant Sensor needs no power Virtually free from false alarms Ambient temperature compensation Early warning of abnormal temperature

Alarm point unaffected by cold weather

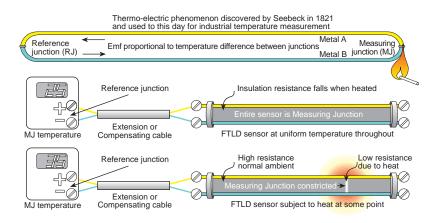
Simple apparatus (Hazardous Area)

User adjustable alarm settings

No site calibration

Advantages	Specification
Self-generating temperature sensor	Protective sheath - Dual layer PTFE
Measures maximum temperature	Measuring element - Type "K" thermocouple - insulated
Initial site temperature check not needed	Sensor output - Millivolts DC related to maximum cable temperature
Visible operating status	Normal operating range29 to 80°C (-20 to 176°F)
Optional rate of change alarm (same unit)	Survival range40 to 200°C (-40 to 392°F)
Alarm settings directly in degrees	EMI protection - Twisted cores & metallised tape tube
Alarms can be set before installation	Insulation - Glass fibre impregnated with special insulating material
Interchangeable sensors	Minimum bend radius - 40 mm
Sensor not microphonic	Construction - Twisted pair, NTC insulation, EMI screen, outer sheath
System check facility in sub zero band	Sizes - 3.5mm OD approx. Cut to length as required
Alarm units for mains power or low voltage	Minimum length - 15 meters
Sensor need not be near alarm unit	Hazardous area use - Measuring element is "Simple Apparatus"

FTLD[®] - System Operating Principle



By measuring both the sensor output and the temperature at its own terminals the instrument is able to compute the hot spot temperature and make automatic compensation for ambient temperature changes

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FTLD[®] - Prevention of Loss due to Overheat

Think of your sphere of work, look around you - is there more you can do?

The Application

Temperature rise due to unrestrained release of physical or chemical energy, is a regular cause of serious loss in industry, commerce and everyday life. It is responsible for countless incidents, the financial consequences of which range from minor to catastrophic.

One common example of temperature rise ending in loss, is combustion. Some others are wear, distortion, fracture, melting, drying, and seizure.

Breakdown at temperatures well below the boiling point of water, is an area of particular concern - one where losses from shutdown can be enormous. For example, temperatures at which ordinary heat detectors remain dormant, can destroy the electronics crucial to computers, communications and data handling equipment.

For many years point type temperature detectors of various types, including conventional thermocouples, have been used to monitor processes and plant risk from heat induced damage. In almost every case the inevitable compromise between numbers (cost), and detector coverage (efficiency), has defeated the exercise.

FTLD offers a very powerful and cost effective alternative to any currently available system, by eliminating the question of where to place the sensor; by constantly monitoring maximum temperature in the area covered; and by possessing such stability, that false alarms are virtually nonexistent.

Very often, a loss-inducing condition begins with temperature rising very slowly above normal for the installation at risk. This is the time when corrective action has the greatest chance of success. An FTLD system capitalizes on this opportunity by alerting operating personnel to the onset of a dangerous condition, some time before the main danger temperature alarm is initiated.

Areas of Risk

Storage & Maintenance

Foodstuffs, Beverages & Medicines Wines & Spirits Coal, Gas & Oil Fabric, Timber & Building Materials Clothing Paper & Board Aircraft, Ship & Vehicle Maintenance

Communications

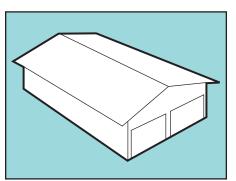
Telephone Exchanges Computer Installations Radio, Radar & Television Stations Television& Film Studios Data & Signal Cable Ducts Instrumentation & Control Rooms Civil & Defense Facilities

Services

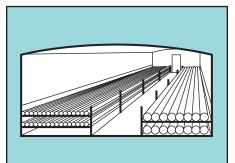
Food Production & Supply Manufacturing Facilities Rail, Road & Cable Tunnels Fuel, Water & Sewage Treatment Airports, Seaports, Rail & Bus Stations Hospitals, Schools & Universities Shopping, Sports & Leisure Centers

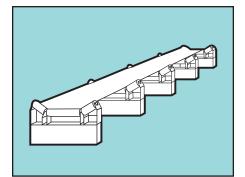
Materials Handling

Oil & Gas Pumps & Valves Coal Conveyors & Silos Electricity Sub-stations Air, Sea & Land Vehicles Agriculture Ship, Aircraft & vehicle Loading Goods & Mail Distribution









ASK ABOUT OUR HIGH TEMPERATURE VERSION < 1800°F.